Washington, Jan. 18,-The ways and means committee has completed the income tax bill. The last work was done to-day, and the bill is now in the hands of the public printer. The substance of the bill is as follows:

of the bill is as follows:

That from and after the 1st day of January.
1895, there shall be levied, collected and paid annually upon the gains, profits and income of every person residing in the United States, or any citizen of the United States residing abroad, derived in each preceding calendar year, whether derived from any kind of property, rents, interest, dividends or salaries, or from any profession, trade, employment or vocation carried on in the United States or elsewhere, on all dividends, annuities or interest paid by corporations or associations organized for profit by virtue of the laws of the United States, or of any state or territory, by means of which the liability of the individual stockholders is in any wise limited, in cash, scrip of which the liability of the individual stockholders is in any wise limited, in cash, scrip
or otherwise, and the net income of all such
corporations in excess of in cash, scrip or
otherwise, and the net income from any other
sources whatever, a tax of 2 per centum on the
amount so derived over and above \$4,000, and a
like tax, shall be levied, collected and paid annually upon the gains, profits and income from
all property, and of every business, trade or
profession carried on in the United States by
persons residing without the United States

persons residing without the United States and not citizens thereof. The tax herein provided for shall be assessed. collected and paid upon the gains, profits and income for the year ending the 31st day of December next, proceeding the time for levying, collecting and paying said tax.

A SWEEPING MEASURE Sec. 2. In estimating the gains, profits and accome of any person there shall be included all income derived from interest upon notes, bonds and other securities as profits realized within the year from sales of real estate pur-chased within the year or within two years previous to the year for which income is estimated; interest received upon all notes, bonds, mortgages or other forms of indebted-moss bearing interest, whether paid or not, if good and collectable, less the interest which has become due from said person during the year; the amount of all premium on tonds, notes or coupons; the amount of sales of live stock, surar, wool, but ter, cheese, pork, beef, mutton or other meats, hay and grain or other vegetable or other pro-ductions being the growth or produce of the caductions being the growth or produce of the es-tate of such person, not including any part thereof consumed directly by the family; all other gains, profits and income derived from any source whatever and the share of any per-son of the gains or profits of all companies. whether incorporated or partnership, who would be entitled to the same if divided, whether divided or otherwise, except the amount of income received from institutions or corporations whose officers are required by law to wift hold a per centum of the dividends, interest, gains, or profits and incomes made by such institutions, and pay the same to the officer authorized to receive the same; and except that portion of the salary or pay received for services in the civil, military, naval or other service of the United States, including senators and representatives and delegates in congress, from which the tax has been deducted; and except that portion of any salary upon which the employer is required by law to and doe; withhold the tax and pays the same to the officer authorized to re-

And in addition to \$1,000 exempt from incomtax as herein before provided, all national, state, county and municipal taxes, shall be de-ducted from the gains, profits or income of the person who has actually paid the same, whether such person be owner, tenant or mortzagor: losses actually sustained during the year arising from fires, shipwreck or incurred in trade and not covered by insurance or otherwise compensated for, and debts ascer-tained to be worthless, but including all es-timated depreciation of values and losses within the year; on sales of real estate purchased two years previous to the year which income is estimated; provided, that no deduction shall be made for any amount paid out for new buildings, permanent improvements, or betterments, made to increase the value of any

property or estate.

Provided further that only one deduction of \$4.000 shall be made from the argregate income of all the members of any family composed of one or both parents and one or more minor children, of husband and wife: that guardians shall be allowed to make a deduction of \$4.000 in layor of each and every ward, except in case where two or more wards are comprised to see the complete the comple in layor of each and every ward, except in case where two or more wards are comprised in one family and have joint property interest the aggregate deduction to their favor shall not exceed \$4.001. AS TO FEDERAL EMPLOYES.

Provided further that in cases where the salary or other compensation paid to any per-son in the employ or in the service of the Urited States shall not exceed the rate of \$1,000 per annum, or shall be by fees, or uncertain or irregular in the amount, or in the time during which the same shall have accrued or been earned, such silary or other compensation shall be included it estimating the annual gains, profits or in-cime of the person to whom the same shall have been paid and shall include that portion o any income or salary upon which a tax has not been paid by the employer where the em-

Section 3 provides methods and means for the return or assessment of all incomes to be taxed. Every person with an income of more tlan \$3,500 is required to render, on a blank to be turnished by the government, a full statebe furnished by the government, a full statement of his income, gains or profits for the
tanble year. All guardians, trustees, execubrs and receivers are required
to make returns for the persons for
mom they act. Persons having less than
\$5500 are not required to make report. All returns have to be verified by oath. Where the
person to be taxed fails to make return the pirty to be taxed fails to make return the designated collector, who will be an agent of the United States commissioner of internal regenue, is required to make out the list from such facts as are available, and, after the tax isassessed, to add 50 per cent, as a penalty. Where a false or fraudulent return is made a penalty of 100 per cent, is added to the tax. Right is given to take oath that an income is ne as much as \$4,000, and if the deputy col-letter disagrees and assesses the income, ap-pel is allowed to the collector of internal rev-

Where, on this appeal, a decision adverse to the applicant is reached, a final appeal to the United States commissioner of internal reve-nts is provided for. Final provision of this section is that due notice shall be given to de-linguents before an official assessment of their property is made and the penalty tax levied. icc. 4. All the income taxes are to be due on loc. 4. All the income taxes are to be due on Juy 10 cach year. To all taxes of which due notice has been given, and which are not paid for ten days after July 1, a penalty of 5 per cent of the unpaid amount is added and thereafter interest at the rate of 1 per cent. per manth from the time the tax became due Etates of deceased insone or insolvent persons are exempted from this ponalty.

NON-RESIDENTS MUST PAY UP.

NON-RESIDENTS MUST PAY UP.

iec. 5. Every non-resident person or corporation owning property in the United States of receiving an income from the United States sail pay taxes on incomes received just as if resident in the United States. Provision for the exemption of incomes under \$1,000 as well as for taxation of delinquent taxpayers is same as in cases of resident citizens.

Sec. 6. That there shall be collected a tax of 2 per cent. on all dividends in scrip or money thereafter due, whenever the same be payable to stockholders, policy holders, including non-residents, whether citizens or aliens, as part of the carmings, incomes or, gains of any bank, trust company, Savings institution, and of any fire, marine, life or other insurance company, whether specially incorporated or existing under general laws, and on all maliriphuted sums, made during the year to their surplus funds; and said banks, trust companies, etc., shall pay the said tax, and are hereby authorised and required to deduct all payments made on account of any dividends, due and payable as aforesaid, the tax of 2 per cent. And a list or return shall be made and rendered to the collector on or before the tenth day of the month following that in which any dividends become due, containing a true account of the amount of taxes; and there shall be annexed a declaration of the president or cashier, under oath is form as prescribed that the mane sontains a faithful account of taxes; and there shall be annexed a declaration of the president or cashier, under oath is form as prescribed that the mane sontains a faithful account of taxes; and there shall be annexed a declaration of the president or cashier, under oath is form as prescribed.

shall pay a penalty of \$1,000; and in case of default in rendering said list or return, or of default in the payment of the tax, the assessment and collecties of the tax and penalty shall be in accordance with the general previsions of law in other cases of neglect provided that the tax upon dividends of life insurance componies shall not be deemed due until such dividends are payable, nor shall the portion of premiuses futurned by mutual life companies to the life in the companies to the life in the companies of the life in the companies to the life in the life in the companies to the life. In the life in the

BONDED CORPORATIONS. Sec. 8. That any railroad or canal, turnpike, canal navigation company, any telephone, telegraph, electric light and gas company or water company, and any street railway company or other corporation indetted for any money for which bonds have been fisued upon which interest is to be paid, or any such company that may have declared any dividend in money payable to its stockholders as part of its carn-ings, and all profits of such company shall be payable to its stockholders as part of its earnings, and all profits of such company shall be subject to a tax of 2 per cent. on the amount of all such interest or coupons, dividends or profits, whenever the same shall be payable, and to whatsoever party, and said companies are authorized to withhold from all payments, on account of interest due and payable, the tax of 2 per cent., and the payment of the amount of tax so deducted from the interest and certified by the president or treasurer or other principal accounting officer, shall discharge said company from that amount of the dividend or coupon on bonds: except where said companies may have contracted otherwise.

Sec. 9 requires that all officers of the government receiving more than \$1.000 shall pay a tax of 2 per cent., which it shall be the duty of all paymentsers and disbursing officers to deduct and withhold to the credit of the government. The payment of prize money is regarded as an income from salaries, and the regular tax collected therefrom.

Section 10 amends section 3167 of the existing internal-revenue law, so that any collector or other officer or internal-revenue agent who divulges in any way the operations, apparatus or manner of working of any manufacturer or producer visited by him in collection of income tax, shall be subject to a line not to exceed \$1,000, or imprisonment for one year, or both.

or manner of working of any manufacturer or producer visited by him in collection of income tax, shall be subject to a one not to exceed \$1,000, or imprisonment for one year, or both, and shall be dismissed from office and be forever thereafter incapable of holding any office under the government.

Section 3172 is amended so that deputy collectors shall from time to-time proceed through every district inquiring after and concerning all persons liable to pay any tax, and shall make a list of such persons and their ownings.

Section 3,173 is amended so that any person, partnership, firm, association or corporation liable to any special tax or duty not otherwise provided for, on July 1, shall, on the 1st of March preceding the time when such taxes are due, make out under oath a return of their dutiable goods or incomes. When this is not done it is required that deputy collectors shall make out the list. A collector is given the power when the proper person can not be found in his own district to enter any other collection district where such person may be found, and to make the examination.

EVASION OR FRAUD. EVASION OR FRAUD.

Section 3176 is amended so that where the person to be taxed refuses to make a return list or makes one which is deemed fraudulent the collector shall have power to enter the premises and make his own, adding a penalty of 50 per cent. for refusal or neglect, and of 100 per cent for fraud. The sickness or absence of the party to be taxed gives the collector the right to allow not exceeding thirty days in which the delayed list may be offered.

Section 12 requires every corporation doing business for profit to make return of amount of dividends under oath that it is true in amount, in such manner as may be prescribed by the commissioner.

in such manner as may be prescribed by the commissioner.

Section 13 prescribes that every corporation shall make return, beginning with 1815, of all the following matters: (1) Gross profits: (2) expenses of corporation exclusive of interest, annuities and dividends: (2) net profits without allowance for interest, etc.; (4) amount paid on account of interest, etc., stated separately: (5) amount paid in salaries of \$4,000 or less to each person employed: (6) amount paid in salaries of more than \$4,000.

Section 11 requires every corporation to keep

Section 11 requires every corporation to keep accurate tooks for inspection by proper offiaccurate tooks for inspection by proper offi-cers.

Section 15 prescribes that taxes imposed up-on dividends, etc., shall be collected therefrom whenever the same may be payable, and every corporation paying a tax thereon may rotain from all payments made on account thereof a proportionate amount of the tax so paid. Section 16 requires collectors to give full re-port for all taxes received and a separate re-ceipt for each tax paid by any debtor on ac-count of payments made by him to separate creditors in such form that

of assessors.
Section 20 declares that no rule established section 20 declares that no rule established by the commissioner of internal revenue shall be valid without the approval of the secre-tary of the treasury, nor shall the same be binding upon any corporation or person not an internal-revenue officer intil it has been printed and conspicuously posted in the office of the collector of the district. Section 21 provides for the prosecution of periury.

Secretary 22 gives the secretary of the treassecretary of the reas-ury or the commissioner of internal revenue power to relieve or release from all forfeitures and penalties imposed by this act in such cases as either of them may deem proper, except to penalties imposed by law for punishment of a misdement or other crimes.

The Japanese God of War. In the Japanese capital there is gigantic image of a woman, made of wood and plaster, and dedicated to Hachiman, the god of war. In height it measures fifty-four feet, the head alone, which is reached by a winding stairway in the interior of the figure, being large enough to confortably hold twenty persons. The figure holds a huge wooden sword in one hand, the blade of the weapon being twenty-seven feet long, and a ball twelve feet in diameter in the other. Internally the model is fitted up with an extraordinary anotomical arrangement, which is supposed to represent the different portions of the brain. A fine view of the country is obtained by looking through one of the eyes of the figure. The admission to all parts of the struc-ture is two cents.—N. Y. Sun.

"Why, how is this, my dear sir?" in quired a Harlem doctor. "You sent me a letter stating that you had been attacked by small-pox, and I find you suffering from rheumatism."

"Well, you see, doctor, it's like this." said the patient, "there wasn't a soul in the house who could spell rheumatism."-Texas Siftings.

-Another strip of Indian lands, the northern part of the Coolville reserva-tion, in Washington, will probably be thrown open to settlement next fall. Government surveyors completed their survey of the strip several weeks ago. The reservation is bounded on the north by the British Columbia boundary line, on the west by the Okanongan river and on the south and east by the Columbia river. The portion to be thrown open for settlement extends the whole width of the reservation and from the British Columbia boundary to about thirty-six miles south. It has an approximate area of two thousand five hundred square miles. There are a few Indians on the strip, who will receive each one hundred and sixty acres be-fore the land is thrown open to the

whites. -By the Bertillon system of identification the length and width of the head are taken, also the length and width of the left middle and little fingers, the length of the left foot, of the left forearm, of the right ear, the height of the figure, the measurement of the outstretched arms and of the trunk when seated. It is said that no instance of all these measurements coI WILL THINK OF YOU.

I will think of you, my sweetheart, when the shadows softly creep. And the crooning chirp of mother bird bids tiny ones to steep, And the twinkling, glist'ning starlight threws

a halo, tender sweet, Caressing, nodding flowers blooming brightly at my feet

I will think of you, my sweetheart, for I know ing this question, but as the doctor pressed him he finally admitted the you think of me,
Throughout the breadth of daylight till all its
suntips flee:
And the radiance of the mornings glides so soft-

ly from its place, where sable shades are waiting, the bright-

I will think of you, my sweetheart, for in all this world to-day

There're no thoughts like thoughts of you can lighten up my way,

Can ease the heavy burden—can cause the
clouds to part—

Can let the rays of God's light in—so I think of

you, sweetheart.
-Frank L Stanton, in Atlanta Constitution.

THE BLUES CURE.

What the Great Golden Remedy Did for the Patients.

There was a Water cure, a Rest cure, nd a Mind cure in the same town; but all three together did not do half the business of the Blues cure. In fact, those three establishments complained bitterly that the Blues cure took away many of their patients. They did all they could to crush it out; they declared it to be a humbug, a mere quack concern, with its mysterious "Great

Golden Remedy." In truth, there was a mystery connected with the Biues cure. It was in one respect something like the Loisette emory system, for every patient had to sign a bond that he would never reveal to anyone the secret of the "Great Golden Remedy." But in spite of this, and the enmity of the other establishments, the Blues cure prospered extraordinarily, and people thronged to it from far and near. The Blues cure could proudly affirm that in all its caeer a case had never been lost.

The Blues cure office was a small sunshing room opening from a large

cheerful waiting room. One fine October afternoon the clock vas just striking three as the doctor, accompanied by a patient, entered the office and closed the door behind him. The doctor was a jolly little man with a bald head, and a beaming smile so much like sunshine that on rainy

were really warming herself in its The patient was a tall, thin theologue, with a lugubrious expression of countenance, suitable for a chronic at-

days his great black cat would stretch

herself out before him, as though she

ender of funerals. The doctor's style was laconic. "What's the matter?" said he. "I am subject to depression of spirits," replied the theologue, with a

deep sigh that roused the black cat from its slumbers. "When do these attacks come on?" said the doctor, looking at him with and if you stick to it it will cure even half closed eyes, as an artist surveys

"Every evening," replied the theo-"I can't use my eyes then, and I fall to thinking of my theological questions, and I get extremely down

"What kind of questions?" "Oh, the most important and intersting which can stir a man's mind. said the theologue, with such unwonted animation that the black cat again was startled. "Whether Moses wrote the Pentateuch: whether the Levitical with pleasure. ode came in with Ezra or before: the doctrines of original sin, future probation, and many others. 1 am so up-

from my youth up that it was wicked to question anything about such matters) that I get terribly blue." "Oh, ho!" said the doctor, jumping up and fetching a little gilt box from a table. "I see what you need! You must drop your studies for a time and devote yourself to taking this great golden remedy. Follow the directions as if your life depended on it and you'll

set in my old ideas (for I was taught

be cured of the blues." "Is that all?" said the theologue, in stonishment.

"You'll find it enough!" replied th loctor, as he showed him the oor. "Next!" he called through the antecoom door, much as a lecturer directs his assistant to throw the next picture

on the screen. In came a young woman of perhaps even and twenty, attired according to the latest fashion.

"Oh, doctor, how can I get over the plues?" she asked, in the jerky, chopped-off, broad-A style of enunciation so fashionable among feminine "What gives them to you?" said the

loctor, looking at her with a magnifyng glass, as if to see to what genus she "My looking glass," frankly anwered the young woman. "It shows

ne that I'm getting plainer every day. 've got three gray hairs and one crow's

"Well, what of that?" asked the doc-

"What of that?" repeated the pa tient. "It shows I'm growing old, and that's enough to make anybody blue. There are lots of 'buds' coming out every year in society, and I'm getting to the boxes from the table. As he, in an be one of the old girls. I just hate to be an old girl and be laid on the shelf! I had an odious time at my last ball, and life isn't worth living, and I'm sick

"Humph!" said the doctor. "We'll cure you, if you will obey me implicit-You must follow this prescription faithfully. Take this Great Golden Remedy whenever you feel the symptoms coming on, and you won't have a

So saying he handed her a little gilt box like the one he gave the theologue, and she too passed into the street. Next came a widow buried in crepe.

"Well, Mrs. Reliet, I suppose you've come to report?" said the doctor. replied the widow. "The Golden Remedy has worked wonders with me. I thought it would be so easy, but I found it very hard to swal-low at first. I persevered, and it has done me an enormous amount of good. I've slept and eaten as I haven't since John's death.'

"You've given up reading your letters of condolence and wiping your eyes, then?" said the doctor. "Oh, yes!" said the widow; "I don't

have any time now."

"Oh, nearly all the time," she replied. "If I go an hour without it, I get
to thinking about John and how I
miss him, and it gives me the blues ulating the years from 1835 to 1850
poisoning by means of arsenic became
so common in England that parliament
in 1851 passed very stringent laws regulating the sale of this poison.—Phile-

APPETIZING SALADS. "Well, keep on the same way," said the doctor, heartly; "keep it up."
No sooner had the widow departed

than in came a pale young man.

"What gives you the blues?" said the doctor, with one of his most sunshing

smiles. The cat left the window and stretched herself out in front of him.

The young man hesitated in answer-

"I can't help thinking about myself,"

keenly sensitive to every little slight.

This shuts my mouth and makes me doubly uninteresting, and naturally

people don't enjoy me; and then I come home and brood over it, and it really

seems as if everybody were laughing

"Yes, you're right," said the doctor;

"it's an aggravated case of morbid self-

centeredness; but if you take this

Golden Remedy every time you get to

thinking about yourself, and take large

doses of it when you are in company,

The young man looked incredulous as he took his little gilt box and his

'Oh, doctor!" said the next, a poor

little diessmaker with so sad a voice

that the black cat again retired to the

sofa. "I'm so blue! When I get through

my work and sit alone in my little

coom evenings, I feel so lonely I'd most

like to kill myself. I haven't a rela-tion or a friend in all the town, and it's

something dreadful to have no one to

welcome you home-nobody to tell

things to, nobody to say good night or

morning to you. Why, sometimes I kiss my own arm, I feel so desperately

"Poor thing! poor thing!" said the

doctor, in a cheerful voice, as if he were saying: "Fine day! fine day! We'll

fix you up. Now, my dear, just follow

whenever you begin to feel lonely; and

The young girl smiled a feeble little

"What in the world is the matter

with you?" inquired the doctor of his

next patient, an elegantly-attired

young man, who looked as sleek and

well-to-do and about as intellectual as

"I'm bored to death," drawled the

young fellow. "I was so bored with

balls and parties and racing and cards

and shooting and theaters and every-

thing else in that line, it was positively

a relief to wake up one morning and

find I had the blues; for it was a new

sensation. But I've had them so long

now, I'm bored with them, too, and

"Well," said the doctor, looking at

him through his magnifying-glass till

the young man actually blushed, "you'll

find my remedy so hard to follow it

will be like drawing teeth; but I can

assure you it will be a 'new sensation,'

afflicted representative of boredom.

The next arrival was an invalid in a

rolling chair. Her pale face beamed

"Oh, ho! So you're back! Remedy

"I should think it did work," she an

swered, gravely. "You know how

long the days were as I lay in my bed

or sat in this chair, knowing I could

never take a step, and brooding over

every ache and pain. Well, now the days are not half long enough to do all

I want. The remedy has given me so

much to do, and made life entirely dif-

ferent to me. How can I thank you,

"Pshaw, child!" said the good man,

Next came a very intellectual-looking

young woman, who had obtained a de

gree from a university. She complained

that through all the studying to which

she devoted her life for the cultivation

of her mind, there ran an undertone

of melancholy which, whenever she

stopped work, culminated in an attack

of the blues.
As usual, the doctor dispatched her

with his universal prescription, and

also the other half dozen patients who

called that afternoon. One was a man

made miserable by his own selfish

jealousy of any attention paid his wife.

Another got the blues because she was

so discontented with her humdrum,

monotonous life, being kept at home

by an invalid sister when she wanted

So they came, rich and poor, young

and old, no class in society seeming to

be exempt from this miserable ailment.

and each departed thankful for the

At last the clock struck six, and the

doctor closed his office door and settled

himself comfortably by the fire. The black cat jumped up in his lap, and the

doctor took one of the mysterions lit-

ulating the sale of this poison.—Philedelphia Record.

to study music in Germany.

Great Golden Remedy.

pendent.

'don't thank me. It's the remedy.

Keep it up; just keep it up."

don't work?" said the doctor, knowing

a well-fed, well-curried horse.

I've come here to get cured."

it for such a purpose.'

better.

small gilt box in his pocket.

smile as she thanked him for the box

and left the room.

take a specially large dose in the even-

ing when you come home from work

the directions in this little gilt box

opely!" and she burst into tears.

at me, and I get as blue as indigo."

you'll be cured as sure as fate."

departure, and went his way.

said he. "When I go among people am pursied by thoughts of my own awkwariness and stupidity and am

TURKEY SALAD. - For a delicious turkey salad use a pint of turkey meat chopped fine and minus all skin, sinews, etc.; the same of cut up celery. Pour over French dressing. A pinch of cayjuice. It should be mixed an hour before needed and put in the icebox.

COLD POTATO SALAD.-If you have some cold boiled potatoes and will use them for a salad, you can slice them into a bowl, put on plain dressing, add dice of cold boiled beets, shreds of celery, a sprinkle of minced parsley and bits of salt herring, boned and minced. This is a very substantial salad, and relished by "hungry" folk, CABBAGE SALAD. — White cabbage makes a cheap and good salad. Use the firm, white heads only; a quarter is enough for a small family. Shred very fine, mix with it some minced boiled potatoes and cover with the French dressing two hours before serving. If the cabbage is not tender, shred and cover with boiling water about fifteen minutes, drain and dress.

SALAD MACEDOINE .- When you have a variety of vegetables, canned or fresh, take a little of each, some string beans, some peas, some asparagus tips, a boiled carrot and a couple of boiled potatoes; if to this you add celery root, boiled in salt water and cut into wheels, you have a pretty macedoine salad, which you arrange, dress and place on ice two hours before serving. -Detroit Free Press.

POPULAR SCIENCE.

THERE are four unique mountains in Lower California, two of alum, one of alum and sulphur mixed, and one of pure sulphur. It is estimated that in the four peaks named there are one hundred million tons of pure alum and one million tons of sulphur.

Dr. GALIPPE reports to the French Academy of Sciences, after eight years' investigation, that all stones, such as gravel, found in the human body are produced by microbes. Microbes are the authors of that chemical decomposition which results in calcareous deposits.

MR. CLARENCE KING, the well-known geologist, has computed the age of the earth, taking for his basis the effect, as shown by careful experiments, of heat and pressure on certain rocks. He concludes from these data that the world has existed as a planet twentyfour million years. This will stand for a good enough guess until some one else guesses better.

THE great South Dakota cave in the Black Hills region is said to be fiftytwo miles long and contains nearly fifteen hundred rooms, some two hundred feet high having been opened. There are streams, waterfalls, and thirty-seven lakes, one of which is an acre in extent. The cave is six thousand feet above sea level and four thousand feet below the earth's sur-

216 Bus. 8 Lbs. Oats from One Bus. Seed. This remarkable, almost unheard-of. vield was reported to the John A. Sal-"I'll take it at any price!" said this zer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., by Frank Winter, of Montana, who planted one "No price," said the doctor, "except bushel of Great Northern Outs, careecrecy. The remedy does no good if fully tilled and irrigated same, and beinyone else learns that you are trying lieves that in 1894 he can grow from one bushel of Great Northern Oats three The young man signed the bond, and hundred bushels. It's a wonderful out. departed with a more animated expres-20 sorts field corn, yielding 80 to 130 sion on his blase countenance, and a

bushels per acre. IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND IT with 8c postage to the above firm you will receive sample package of above oats and their farm seed catalogue. [K]

"I wish you wouldn't be asking me for money all the time," growled the husband.
"I'm not, dear," responded the wife, sweetly. "Part of the time is occupied in spending it."—Detroit Free Press.

CHECK Colds and Bronchitis with Hale's oney of Horehound and Tar. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

A whipping-post-The driver's scat -

"Brown's Bronchial Troches' are ex cellent for the relief of Hourseness or Sore Throat."—Christ on World, London, England.

THE MARKETS.

New York, Jan. 22, 1894.

1	DATTLE-Native Steers \$ 4 60	O.B.	5.00	
4	COTTON-Middling	35		
A			3 61	
4	WHEAT-No. 2 Red 653	16	67.76	
1	CORN-No. 2	66	4.2	
1	OATS-Western Mixed 34	60	35	
1	PORK-New Mess	Ch.	14 75	
ı	ST. LOUIS.			
ı		416	734	
1	DEPUTE Change	62	5 60	
Н	BEEVES-Shipping Steers 4 40	60	5 00	
1				
4	HOGS-Fair to Select 4 95	64	5 40	
1	SHEEP-Fair to Choice 2 75	116	3 75	
u	FLOUR-Patents 2 95	6.5	3 10	
ì	Fancy to Extra do., 2 2)			
	WHEAT-No. 2 Red Winter	60	563.74	
1	CORN-No 2 Mixed 32	3	323	
Ц	OATS-No. 2 28	0	2.14	
Н	RYE-No. 2 45	82	47	
1	TOBACCO-Lugs 6 50	66	13 00	
ı	Leaf Burley 10 00		19 00	
il	HAY-Clear Timothy 8 50	65.	10 50	
Н	BUTTER-Choice Dairy 16	65	19	
ï	EGGS-Fresh	66	1114	
η	PORK-Standard Mess (new), 13 621		13 75	
1	BACON-Clear Ribs		719	
ij	TARR Delay Change	6	734	
4	LARD-Prime Steam	.es	176	
il	CHICAGO.			
u	CATTLE-Shipping 3 75	æ	5 65	
î	HOGS-Fair to Choice 5 00	60	5 50	
IJ	SHEEP-Fair to Choice 2 50	66	3 75	
7	FLOUR-Winter Patents 3 65	62	3 80	
31	Spring Patents 2 25	65	4 00	
Н	WHEAT-No. 2 Spring	6%		
Ш	No. 2 Red	66		
1	CORN-No. 2	66		
11	OATS-No. 2	6	2710	
	PORK-Mess (new) 13 00	25	13 25	
	KANSAS CITY.	10	10 00	
Н				
	CATTLE-Shipping Steers 4 00		5 35	
	HOGS-All Grades 4 95		5 30	
	WHEAT-No. 2 Red	6.0	53	
ii)	OATS-No. 2 28	Œ		
	CORN-No. 2 30	60	3014	

absent-minded way, removed the cover, a little paper fluttered out. Not a pill NEW ORLEANS. FLOUR—High Grade 2 90 @ 3 30 CORN—No 2 41 6 414 OATS—Western 16 2 3649 AY—CORN—No 2 16 50 6 16 50 PORK—New Mess 6 13 874 BACON—Sides 6 3 874 COTTON—Middling 8 6 84 nor a powder was to be seen, and the Great Golden Remedy consisted only of the little paper, on which were printed in golden letters these words: WHENEVER YOU ARE FEELING BL UE. CINCINNATI SOMETHING FOR SOME ONE ELSE GO DO. WHEAT—No. 2 Red. CORN—No. 2 Mixed OATS—No. 2 Mixed PORK—New Mess. "How silly people are!" said the doctor to himself. "They travel miles to get here, take no end of trouble, sign that bond and all that nonsense just to get what they could have learned from the Book of the Great Physician ENLIGHTENMENT just as well as I did. Just because the idea is dressed up in a poor rhyme and a gilt box, and there's a mystery about it, and it's the fashion to come here,

the Blues cure is a howling success, out resort to the knife,
RUPTURE or Breach, is
now radically cured without the knife and without
pain. Clumay Trusses can
be thrown away!
TUMORS, Ovarian, Fibroid (Uterine) and many
others are now removed and all the world is running after my Great Golden Remedy." And the black cat switched her tail and said amen, as well as she knew how.-N. Y. Inde--During the Franco-Prussian war winout the peris of cutting operations.
PILE TUMORS, however large, Fistula and
other diseases of the lower
bowel, are permanently
cured without pain or resort to the knife.
BTONE in the Bladder, no
matter how large, is crushed, pulverized, washed out
and perfectly removed
without cutting.
For pamphiet, references the Germans fired 80,000,000 rifle cartridges and 363,000 charges of artillery, killing or mortally wounding 77,000 Frenchmen, showing that 400 shots are required to kill or mortally wound one -During the years from 1835 to 1850

TN all receipts for cooking 1 requiring a leavening agent the ROYAL BAKING POWDER, because it is an absolutely pure cream of tartar powder and of 33 per cent. greater leavening strength than other powders, will give the best results. It will make the food lighter, sweeter, of finer

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

flavor and more wholesome.

Weight of the Atmosphere. Somebody has made the calculation

that, taking the quantities roughly and in round numbers, the atmosphere weighs about a ton to every square foot of the earth's surface, 25,000,000 tons per square mile, or 5,089,000,000,-000,000 ton to a total of 200,000,000 square miles;and its energy is that due to the motion of this a conceivable mass, at velocities varying all the way from the slightest zephyr to the hurricane and the cyclone rushing over the prairie or along the surface of the sea at more than 100 miles an hour. Again, according to this authority, a cubic mile of air, weighing about 10,000. 000,000 pounds, develops, at the rate of motion as the cyclone, some 4.000.000, 000,000, which is the cyclone of energy, and if all were employed at such rate for the performance of work, useful or de structive, this number of "foot pounds" would be equivalent to more than 2. 000,000,000,000 horse power. - Chicago Herald.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the car. There is only one way to cure Beafness, and that is by one one way to cure Deafness, and that is by or stitutional remedies. Deafness iscussed is an inflamed condition of the muccus limit of the Eustachian Tube. When this tul-gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound of importe a thearing, and when it is entired closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tul-restored to its normal condition, hearing wi-be destroyed forever; nine cases out of to are caused by catarria, which is nothing in an inflamed condition of the muccus sur-faces.

We will give One Hundred Dolines for any case of Deafness (caused by entarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free. F. J. Chener & Co., Tolede, O. F. Seld by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Phis, 25 cents.

Modest.-Tramp-"The world owes me a living." Citizen-"Well, I'm not the world. Get out!"

To the absurd notion that tyrannizes many minds that violent drastic purgatives will cure you of costiveness. In reality they only aggravate your allment. For this obsufficient specific. It is an efficient sufe guard against malaria, and cures rheuma-tism, inaction of the kidneys and nervous

A Local dealer advertises "a newstock of walking sticks for gentiemen with carved wooden heads."-Philadelphia Record.

The fair may be forgotten and all of its glories vanish from the memory; but people will probably never cease to recall and singule over their experiences in the Midway Paisance.—Boston Transcipt.

A Fam Proposition.—She (doubtfully)—
"I believe you want to marry me for my
money." He (confidently)—"Try me and
see."—Detroit Free Press.

The reason women don't appreciate the elegram at half its value is that a post-erfor cannot be added without extra charge.



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live bet-ter than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting

in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

Extreme, Chronic, Torturing Cases of

ARE CURED BY ST. JACOBS OIL. PROMPT AND SURE. Have a Shampoo? When you do, have it with Pearline. It's delightful. Not only cleans your head, but clears your brain. It's good for your hair and scalp, too-invigorates them, just as a bath with Pearline in-

> vigorates your body. You're missing half the luxury of bathing, if you're doing it without Pearline. Moreover, you're not getting quite as clean, probably, as you might be. This may surprise you-but

Send Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, it Back and if your poer sends you something in place of Pearline, be honest—send it back. 450 JAMES PYLE, New York





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